Determining Goods Delivery Priority for Transportation Service Companies Using SAW Method

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ABSTRACT

This research was conducted aiming to overcome the problem of the effectiveness of the delivery of goods by the Cendrawasi Expeditionary Company which at this time still does not use a decision support system approach. For the process of delivering goods to customers to be carried out effectively, a decision support system is designed that functions to determine the priority of goods to be delivered first. This problem is solved by designing a decision support system using the Simple Additive Weighting (SAW) method which serves to help the Cendrawasi Expeditionary company get recommendations for priority delivery of goods. The SAW method is very appropriate to be used as a decision support tool where in this study three alternative choices of goods that must be delivered first were obtained, namely plywood with a preference value of 99,6, mattress with a preference value of 83,55, and PVC pipes with a preference value of 79,35.

Keywords: Goods; DSS; SAW; Method; Delivery

INTRODUCTION

Currently, along with the development and progress of the times and the demands of high mobility, transportation services have become quite an important need for entrepreneurs, shops, panglongs, and individuals to send or move goods. Therefore, many people use transportation services to help ease the work in the process of moving goods. For customers who want to use transportation services, but have limited distance and time and don't want to be complicated with goods that have been purchased, they can use transportation services.

Cendrawasi Expedition is a transportation service company located in Pematangsiantar city that opens a business of goods transportation services for all needs. Delivery of goods carried out at this company uses a truck mode of transportation for delivery of goods via land. The types of goods sent through this company vary greatly, such as plywood, mattresses, pipes, and other items.

In daily activities, Cendrawasi Expeditions always try to provide excellent service to every customer, by ensuring the vehicle is always in good condition and trying to always be on time in the delivery of goods. However, currently, in terms of shipping goods, the Cendrawasi Expeditionary Company still does not use a decision support system approach in prioritizing the goods to be delivered. For the process of delivering goods to customers to be carried out effectively, a decision support system is designed that functions to determine the priority of goods to be delivered first.

With the advancement of information technology, it is now possible to assist Cendrawasi Expeditions in determining the goods to be sent first. This is made possible by the development of hardware technology accompanied by the development of software, as well as the ability to combine several decision-making techniques. To make it easier to determine the priority of delivering the goods, a decision support system is designed in choosing the fastest delivery priority that can assist in determining the priority of sending goods on the Cendrawasi Expedition. The method used in this decision support system is the Simple Additive Weighting (SAW) method. This method was chosen because the SAW method has been used in various decision-making problems. By using this decision support system, the delivery of goods can be carried out regularly.

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LITERATURE REVIEW

In various fields of life today, the use of technology has an important role (Mulia Siregar & Sugara, 2018; Purba & Siregar, 2020; S et al., 2020; Siregar, 2018; Tamba, Batubara, et al., 2019). Every organization increasingly needs information to be used as a basis in making decisions that involve the use of computer technology (Aisyah & Purba, 2019; Purba, 2018; Sahat Sonang, 2018; Simatupang, 2018; Tamba, Wulandari, et al., 2019). Decision Support System (DSS) is one aspect of information systems that have been widely used to help people make better decisions in the short, medium, and long term. Many assessments have been made that are not only related to business activities but also other fields, such as education and so on (Purba & Siregar, 2020; S et al., 2020; Sihombing, Nasution, et al., 2021; Sihombing, Siregar, et al., 2021; Sirait et al., 2021; Siregar, Sihombing, et al., 2021; Siregar, Sonang, et al., 2021). This is very useful when applied to determining the priority of delivering goods so that the process of delivering goods to customers by Cendrawasi Expeditions can be carried out effectively.

The Simple Additive Weighting (SAW) method is the most basic and most widely used strategy. This method is also the simplest to implement because the algorithm is not too difficult. The weighted addition method is another name for the SAW method (Sihombing, Siregar, et al., 2021), (Simatupang, 2018). The main principle of the SAW method is to calculate the total weight of all performance ratings for each alternative across all criteria. By using this method is expected to produce appropriate decision support recommendations (Esterlin Febrianti Telaumbanua et al., 2021; Najar et al., 2021).

METHOD

The steps taken in building a decision support system for determining goods delivery priority for transportation service companies using the SAW Method are presented in Figure 1. The research stage begins with collecting data on goods to be delivered on the Cendrawasi expedition which is followed by determining the criteria and weights for each criterion. Then the SAW method is used in processing the data that has been collected to get the priority of the goods to be delivered first.

![Fig. 1 Research Framework](image)

Data processing using the SAW method is carried out by starting from the formulation of the decision matrix from the data of goods to be delivered, then proceeding with normalizing the decision matrix. The next step is to calculate the average value of the normalized data and continue by multiplying the normalized matrix (R) with the preference weight value. Next, steps are taken to obtain a preference value for each alternative (Vi), so that a larger value of Vi indicates that the alternative is an item that has priority to be delivered first.

The criteria used in the implementation of the preference selection index method on determining goods delivery priority for transportation service companies using the SAW Method consist of the criteria listed in table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1 Criteria Used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The data to be processed in this study which consists of alternative data and the value of the criteria for each alternative are presented in table 2. In table 2 there are 6 alternative data for goods to be delivered contained in the Cendrawasi Expedition.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alternatives</th>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Amount (Pcs)</th>
<th>Weight (Kg)</th>
<th>Delivery Distance (Km)</th>
<th>Cost (Thousand)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A_01</td>
<td>Steel Bar</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_02</td>
<td>PVC Pipe</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_03</td>
<td>Plywood</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>950</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_04</td>
<td>Mattress</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_05</td>
<td>Roof</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_06</td>
<td>Cupboard</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>540</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>255</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RESULT**

To get a priority recommendation of goods to be delivered first, data processing with the SAW method is carried out by starting from the formulation of the decision matrix from the data of goods to be sent with the following X matrix.

\[
X = \begin{bmatrix}
300 & 600 & 3 & 220 \\
200 & 800 & 1 & 800 \\
350 & 950 & 3 & 630 \\
20 & 800 & 5 & 850 \\
200 & 750 & 4 & 220 \\
30 & 540 & 2 & 255 
\end{bmatrix}
\]

For further normalization of the decision matrix above, which is done with the following steps.

a. **A_01 (Steel Bar)**

\[
R_1 = \frac{300}{\text{max}(300,200,350,20,200,30)} = \frac{300}{350} = 0.85
\]

\[
R_2 = \frac{600}{\text{max}(600,800,950,800,750,540)} = \frac{600}{950} = 0.63
\]

\[
R_3 = \frac{3}{\text{max}(3,1,3,5,4,2)} = \frac{3}{5} = 0.6
\]

\[
R_4 = \frac{220}{\text{max}(220,800,630,850,220,255)} = \frac{220}{850} = 0.25
\]

b. **A_02 (PVC Pipe)**

\[
R_{21} = \frac{200}{\text{max}(300,200,350,20,200,30)} = \frac{200}{350} = 0.57
\]

\[
R_{22} = \frac{800}{\text{max}(600,800,950,800,750,540)} = \frac{800}{950} = 0.84
\]

\[
R_{23} = \frac{1}{\text{max}(3,1,3,5,4,2)} = \frac{1}{5} = 0.2
\]

\[
R_{24} = \frac{800}{\text{max}(220,800,630,850,220,255)} = \frac{800}{850} = 0.94
\]

c. **A_03 (Plywood)**

\[
R_{31} = \frac{350}{\text{max}(300,200,350,20,200,30)} = \frac{350}{350} = 1
\]

\[
R_{32} = \frac{950}{\text{max}(600,800,950,800,750,540)} = \frac{950}{950} = 1
\]
\[
R_{33}^{\max(3,1,3,5,4,2)} = \frac{3}{630} = 0.6
\]
\[
R_{34}^{\max(220,800,630,850,220,255)} = \frac{630}{850} = 0.74
\]

d. **A.04 (Mattress)**
\[
R_{41}^{20} = \frac{20}{800} = 0.05
\]
\[
R_{42}^{5} = \frac{800}{950} = 0.84
\]
\[
R_{43}^{5} = \frac{850}{850} = 1
\]
\[
R_{44}^{2} = \frac{850}{255} = 0.3
\]

e. **A.05 (Roof)**
\[
R_{51}^{200} = \frac{200}{750} = 0.57
\]
\[
R_{52}^{4} = \frac{750}{950} = 0.78
\]
\[
R_{53}^{4} = \frac{950}{74} = 0.8
\]
\[
R_{54}^{220} = \frac{220}{850} = 0.25
\]
f. **A.06 (Cupboard)**
\[
R_{41}^{30} = \frac{30}{540} = 0.08
\]
\[
R_{42}^{2} = \frac{540}{950} = 0.56
\]
\[
R_{43}^{2} = \frac{950}{255} = 0.3
\]

So based on the results of the above calculations, a normalized matrix is obtained as presented below.

\[
R = \begin{bmatrix}
0.85 & 0.63 & 0.6 & 0.25 \\
0.57 & 0.84 & 0.6 & 0.74 \\
0.05 & 0.84 & 0.1 & 0.05 \\
0.57 & 0.78 & 0.8 & 0.25 \\
0.08 & 0.56 & 0.8 & 0.3 \\
\end{bmatrix}
\]

Furthermore, the W X R matrix multiplication and the addition of the multiplication results are made to obtain the best alternative by ranking the largest values as follows.

\[
V_{1} = (0.85 \times 35) + (0.63 \times 20) + (0.6 \times 25) + (0.25 + 40)
\]
\[
= 29.75 + 12.6 + 15 + 10
\]
\[
= 67.35
\]

\[
V_{2} = (0.57 \times 35) + (0.84 \times 20) + (0.2 \times 25) + (0.94 + 40)
\]
\[
= 19.95 + 16.8 + 5 + 37.6
\]
\[
= 79.35
\]

\[
V_{3} = (1 \times 35) + (1 \times 20) + (0.6 \times 25) + (0.74 + 40)
\]
\[ V_4 = (0.05 \times 35) + (0.84 \times 20) + (1 \times 25) + (1 + 40) \]
\[ = (1.75 + 16.8 + 25 + 40) \]
\[ = 99.6 \]

\[ V_5 = (0.57 \times 35) + (0.78 \times 20) + (0.8 \times 25) + (0.25 + 40) \]
\[ = (19.95 + 15.6 + 20 + 10) \]
\[ = 65.55 \]

\[ V_6 = (0.08 \times 35) + (0.56 \times 20) + (0.4 \times 25) + (0.3 + 40) \]
\[ = (2.8 + 11.2 + 10 + 12) \]
\[ = 36 \]

From the multiplication of the W x R matrix, the results are as presented in table 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alternatives</th>
<th>Items</th>
<th>( V_i ) Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A_01</td>
<td>Steel Bar</td>
<td>67.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_02</td>
<td>PVC Pipe</td>
<td>79.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_03</td>
<td>Plywood</td>
<td>99.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_04</td>
<td>Mattress</td>
<td>83.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_05</td>
<td>Roof</td>
<td>65.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A_06</td>
<td>Cupboard</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DISCUSSIONS**

Based on the results of the multiplication of the W x R matrix contained in table 3, the goods that are recommended to be delivered first are the goods that have the greatest \( V_i \) value. The order of the largest \( V_i \) values can be seen in Fig 2.
CONCLUSION

The Decision Support System (DSS) in Determining Goods Delivery Priority for Transportation Service Companies Using the SAW Method is designed to facilitate transportation in selecting and assisting in deciding which goods delivery services and goods will be delivered first. Decision Support System using the Simple Additive Weighting Method is the right method to be used in the selection with multiple attributes and the results of the analysis are very good and rational. The results of the DSS calculation using the SAW method in this study obtained three alternative choices of the best used cars, namely Plywood with a preference value of 99,6, Mattresses with a preference value of 83,55 and PVC Pipe with a preference value of 79,35.

REFERENCES


